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#### 2020 Financial Challenge of Municipal Source Separation Schemes

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#### Scope

To address key financial aspects associated with SSS National Targets

To present the National Actions for achieving SSS Targets and their financial impact

- To summarize critical issues of SSS with financial impact & propose measures
- To highlight the importance of Value Engineering and Citizens
   Participation



#### New National SWM Plan key financial figures

2020 Source separation Targets

biowaste = 40%

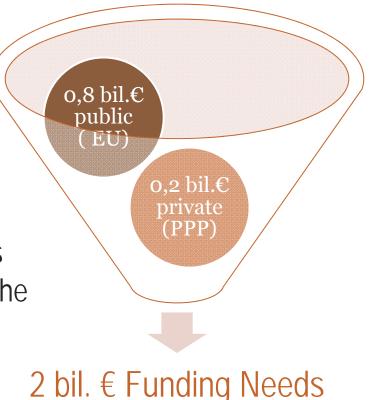
(kitchen,garden)

recyclable materials = 65%

(plastic, metal, aluminum, glass)

total SS Target = 50% (2016 results~17%)

- More than 2 billion € MSW funding needs (public, private) from which 0,5 billion € the funding needs for SSS.
- I billion € for MSW funding (0,8 public-ESPA and 0,2 private PPP)
- I billion € for MSW annual operation cost today (200 euro/tn or 0,4% of GDP/Capita





#### 1.Brown Bins (households & enterprises) and Composting Plants for kitchen biowaste Parameters with Financial Impact

- appropriate dimensioning (size, quantity) of brown bins and composting plant
- geolocation (density, appropriate spots)
- collection routing program (frequency, capacity)
- transportation through TS or direct
- educational –awareness and rewarding schemes for high quality/quantity
- cost compared to business as usual scenario with landfill tax





## 2. Separate Collection & Process of green waste

#### **Parameters with Financial Impact**

- requires isolated areas ( low land cost) in close distance to production of green waste
- infrastructure and treatment equipment common with decentralized kitchen biowaste composting plant or co-treatment in MBTs for mixed waste.
- In case of stand alone process, an intermunicipal collaboration is needed for economies of scale
- Market research for buyer is needed ( in case of final product i.e. wood chips, pellet) in order to generate revenue





# 3. Four separate bins for separate collection (plastic, metal, aluminum, glass) & new type of MRF/TS

#### **Parameters with Financial Impact**

- zero cost -free public space near the roads or other public areas for bins & isolated for MRF/TS
- geolocation (density, appropriate spots)
- collection routing program (frequency, capacity)
- transportation through TS or direct to existing or new type of MRF
- market research for buyer is needed in order to generate more revenue than with mixed recyclables
- educational –awareness and rewarding schemes for high quality/quantity





#### **4.** Municipal Green Points of 3 size categories (Basic, Small, Neighborhood) Parameters with Financial Impact

- requires more expensive land (easily accessible with appropriate land use areas)
- infrastructure and storage equipment with attractiveness and user friendly operation for the citizens
- Inter-municipal collaboration for economies of scale
- market research for buyers is needed in order to generate revenue
- educational –awareness and rewarding schemes for high quality/quantity
- cost efficiency compared to business as usual scenario with landfill tax





#### 2020 Financial Challenge Critical Issues for SSS

SSS Capex Funding Investments ~ 0,5 / Funding Gap ~ 0,3 billion € Small PPPs , EIB Direct Loans

#### SSS Revenues

Citizens awareness, PAYT & rewarding mechanisms in order to achieve high quality/quantity National Guidelines, Regional Campaigns, Local Application Smart Apps, IoBins, Local Economy Rewards

#### **OpEx Support**

Islands and Touristic Areas

Sea Transportation Centralized Organization, Subsidization of Transport Cost and Operation of Composting Plants

Final Design – Value Engineering For the Application of SSS Geolocation, Routing, Transfer, Process, End Product to market Opex Optimization in Small Scale (i.e. Small-Neighborhood G.P.. Reuse-Repair Centers) Social Economy Collaboration Framework

Net Opex of SSS Compared to Business As usual scenario max 0,3% of GPD /Capita (Municipal Tax 100 + Product Recycling Tax 70)



#### 2020 Financial Challenge

#### Final Design-Value Engineering parameters for SSS

	Capex – Opex Economies of Scale - Synergies (Inter-Municipal, Social Economy)
	<b>Opex</b> Flexibility in production peaks (seasonal, touristic)
	Capex/Opex Life Cycle Project Cost
	Capex Scalability for the future
	Phase by Phase Implementation
	Capex/Opex Dimensioning (capacity with equipment or extra labor shift)



#### Synopsis

- Greece faces a triple challenge for SSS 2020
  - Target 17%->50%
  - Funding Needs: 0,5 billion € (0,3 billion € Gap)
  - Net Opex per Capita max 0,3%
    of GPD /Capita (Municipal Tax 100 + Product Recycling Tax 70)
- Funding Gap to be covered with Small PPP & financial institutions (i.e.EBRD) participation

- Social Economy to be involved in Small Scale Schemes
- Islands Touristic Areas need extra financial support
- Value Engineering prerequisite for the Final Design of SSS
- Citizens Awareness and PAYT, Rewarding Mechanisms



### **THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION**

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