

Characterization of community composters

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- (1) ENEA: Italian National Agency for new Technologies, Energy and sustainable economic development
- (2) Ministery of the Environment

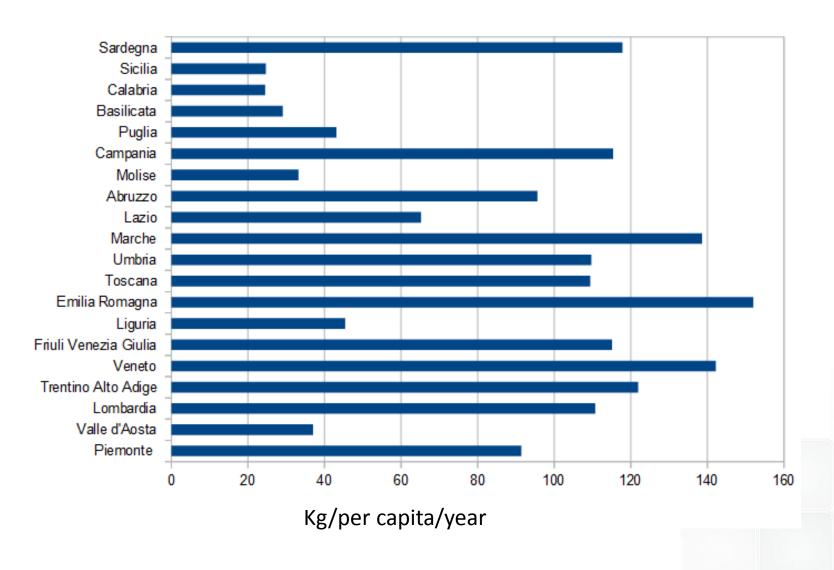
Cyprus 2016: International Conference on Sustainable Solid Waste Managment

Session V: Composting

Italy average: 94 Kg/per capita/year

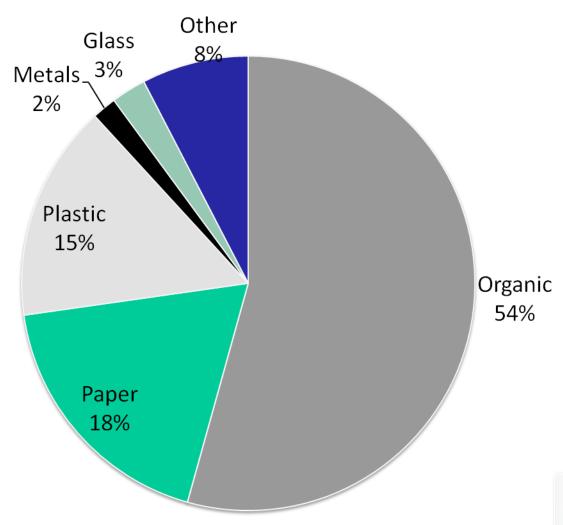


Biowaste Separate Collection in different Italian regions



% cost





Composting scale



Large plants

Small plants

Local composting

Community plants

Domestic composters



Up to the end of 2015: Same legislation and requirements as the larger plants

Visiting small composting plants





Fabriano: Loccioni Group





Cuccaro Vetere





Praticanat, Fenestrelle (TO)







ENEA ASTRO Project







SANTAS (CRTech)



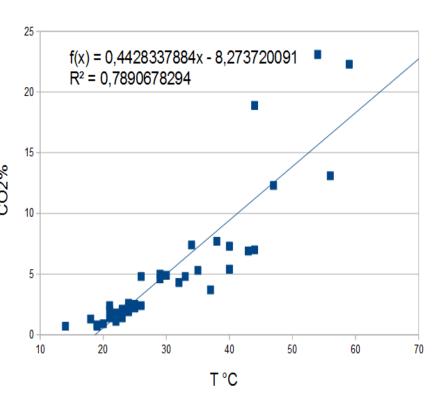


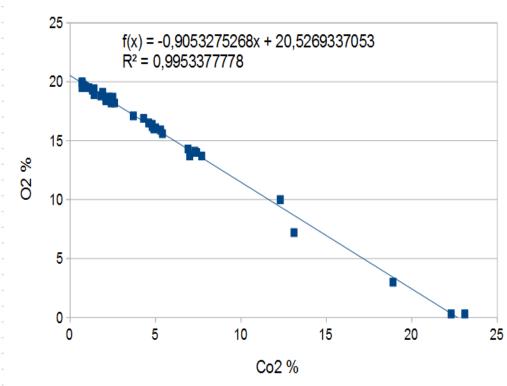
Big Hanna T60



Example: data from a Big Hanna Composting plant







The new law #221 December 2015



Changining the Environmental Act

Art 37: "treatment of organic waste through composting"
Home composting is extended to economical activities (on site composting)
A discount is mandatory on the waste fee/tax
Simple statement for login of smal plants (up to 80 t/y) local composting

Art. 38: "provisions for promoting the composting of organic waste" Community composting: collective composting by many which are also the users of the compost

A discount is "possible" on the waste fee/tax for local and community composting

A Decree must be published by the Ministery of the Environment for the authorization of the community composting plant

Questions..



Who is the waste producer? Who is managing the plant? Who is using the compost?

If the answers are the same user then ON SITE COMPOSTING
AND

WE DON'T NEED AUTHORIZATIONS

Questions on community composting:

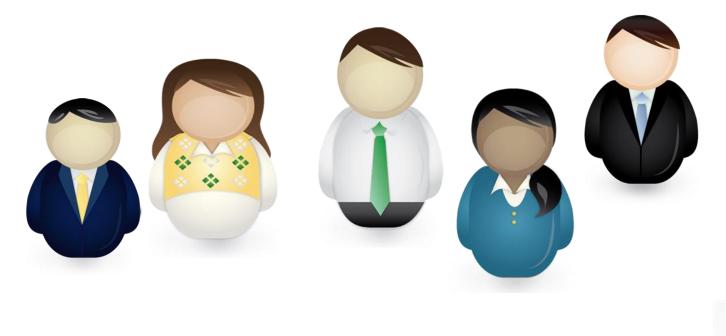


- How small a plant should be not to have the need for an authorization?
- What kind of characteristics should have the compost?
- What kind of sensors we need to monitor the process?
- Can the plant be operated by an external agent?
- Can the waste be collected by an external agent?
- What define "collective"?

Ad hoc working group



- Ministry of the Environment
- ENEA (National Agency for new Technologies, Energy and sustainable development)
- Ispra: National Environmental Protection Agency
- CIC: Italian Composting and Biogas Association
- Several stakeholders





The draft



3 thresholds (t/y):

- 1)10 (quantities are extimated)
- 2)60 (a register must be kept with the quantities)
- 3)130 (data also on a web site)

Temperature > 55 ° C during 3 days
Same analysis the industrial composting when ONLY compost is used in agriculture for food production
The process must last for at least 90 days
The "collective" must have a legal rapresentative

In any case the compost should have:

Umidity 30-50 % Temperatue < environmental + 2° C pH 6 – 8.5

Compost can not be sold or given free

Legislation after law 221/2015



User	Settlement	Compos t usage	Definition	Limits	Examples
Unique	Same user	Same user	Home/on site composting	none	Homes, schools, Hotels with garden
Multiple	Same municipality	Any	Local composting	<80 t/year+ statement from the Regional Environmental Agency (ARPA)	Municipal plants
Unique	Same user	Any	Local composting	<80 t/year + statement from the Regional Environmental Agency (ARPA)	Hotels without a garden, local markets
Multiple	One of the users	At least one of the users	Community composting	Ministerial Decree (to be publish) by the Ministry of the environment	Blocks of flats
Multiple	Any	Any	Industrial composting plant	authorization under the 152/2006 Act. Compost with given specifications	Industrial composting plant

Thanks



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