



Life Cycle Assessment of the operation of the WEEE sorting center in Attica, Greece

K. Abeliotis¹, K. Lasaridi¹, C. Chroni¹, Ch. Angelakopoulos²

1. Harokopio University, 2. Appliances Recycling S.A.

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment generation

Rapid proliferation of EEE

- Technological innovation
- Growth of demand

Decreasing lifespans Generation of large quantities of WEEE that need to be collected and treated properly





(W)EEE quantities

It is estimated that*:

- There are more than 900 different types of EEE in developed countries
- Approximately 50 million tons of WEEE are
 Reference d 2012





Reuse

 Any operation by which products or components that are not waste are used again for the same purpose for which they are conceived.



Preparing for reuse

 Checking, cleaning or repairing recovery operations, by which products or components of products that have become waste are prepared so that they can be reused without any other pre-processing.



European Commission (2017)

- WEEE reported reused and prepared for reuse in 2012 in the EU correspond to 2% of the total WEEE collected. The UK, Germany and France lead the way
- Reused WEEE, and prepared for reuse WEEE in Greece is reported to be 0% for 2012





 In order to enhance the public perception towards the reuse of electric appliances and the prevention of WEEE generation, an initiative has been undertaken by a group of partners, which is implemented via the LIFE+ ReWeee project













Sorting centers

 Two WEEE sorting centers will operate for the first time in Greece, in the wider region of Attica in southern Greece, and central Macedonia on northern Greece, respectively.





S:

Attica SC



Operation from 4/2/2019



Infrastructure





Sorting center activities









Attica SC





Reception



Sorting for treatment



Sorting for initial inspection

Preparing for reuse activities







Re Weee







Sorting for initial inspection

Weighting

Preparing for reuse activities (2)







Attica SC

Activities:





WEEE pending for preparing for reuse

Life Cycle Assessment

 A method to assess the potential environmental impacts and resource consumption throughout a product's life cycle, i.e., from raw material extraction to waste management, including the production and use phases.



The need for LCA Drawbac ks **Benefits**





The environmental benefits of the extension of the lifespan:

- The WEEE stream is reduced
- Raw materials (metals, glass, crude oil for the plastics) are saved
- Energy is saved during the life cycle of the EEE



Environmental drawbacks

- Raw materials and energy are required for the preparation for reuse and repair of EEE and the operation of the sorting center
- Based on the fact that the energy rating of EEE is improving, extension of the lifespan of older appliances yields to higher electricity consumption





Life cycle inventory

- Technical reports
- Peer reviewed literature
- Technical manuals



Mass balance of reused appliances





Electricity consumption (kWh) in washing machines 1970-2004





Stamminger et al. (2003)



Electricity balance







Acknowledgements

 The LIFE –REWEEE project is implemented with the co-financing of the European Commission through the LIFE+ Funding programme.















