

The application of Analytical Hierarchy Process in combination with PESTEL-SWOT analysis to assess the hydrocarbons sector in Cyprus

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PRESENTATION CONTENTS

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2. METHODS

3. RESULTS

4. CONCLUSIONS - RECOMMENDATIONS



→ PURPOSE

Application of AHP and PESTEL – SWOT combination method

Cyprus
Hydrocarbons
sector assessment
using AHP
pairwise compared
resulting to a size
for each indicator







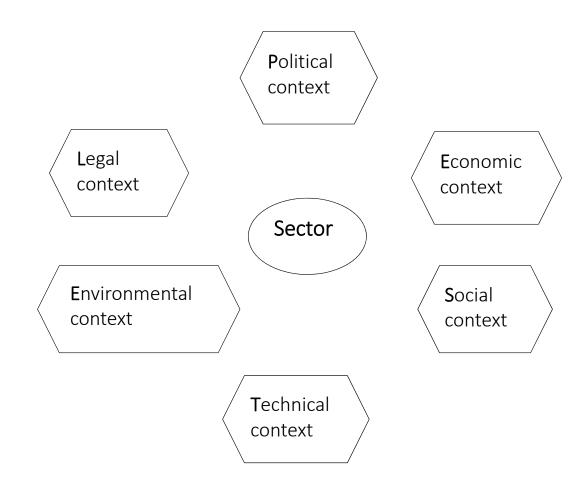
Aphrodite A2a exploration drilling, Cyprus EEZ, plot 12 (Hydrocarbons Service, 2018)

Cyprus is an island whose energy production is almost completely dependent on imported hydrocarbon fuels. Its electricity production sector is more than 80% depended on oil products while the remaining 20 % are covered by imports of coal (5%) and by renewable energy sources (RES) (15%).

METHODS

PESTEL analysis

for external contents





METHODS SWOT analysis

Positives Negatives

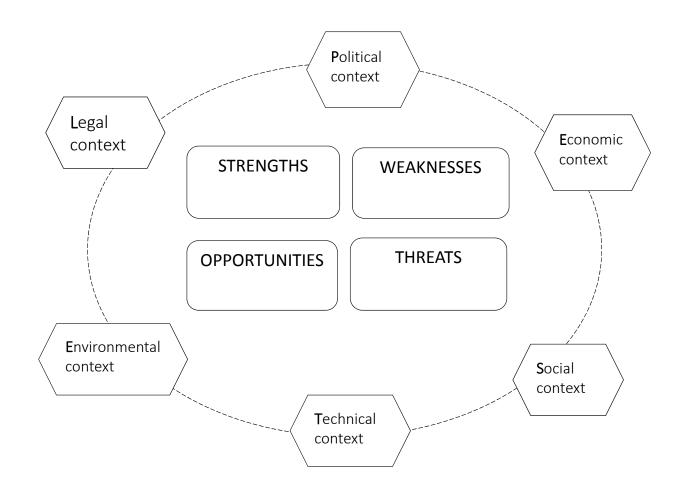
STRENGTHS WEAKNESSES

OPPORTUNITIES THREATS



METHODS

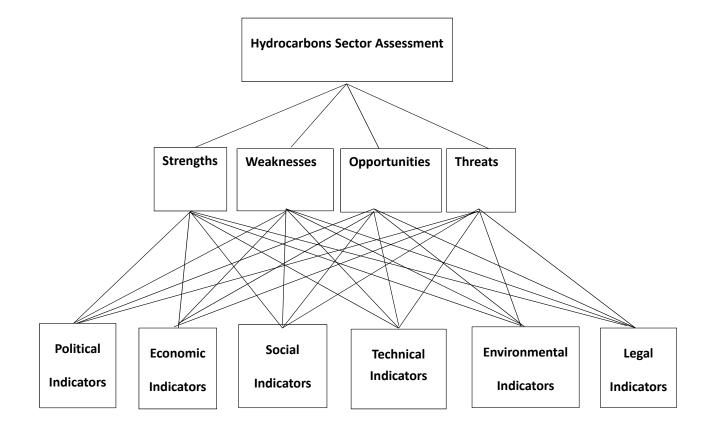
PESTEL – SWOT SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS DEVELOPMENT METHOD





METHODS

ASSESSMENT PROBLEM STRUCTURE





METHODS INDICATORS QUANTIFICATION METHOD

- to weight the alternatives based on the pariwise comparison of the importance -The indexes quantification method is based on the proposal of AHP where verbal comparison judgments are transformed into numerical quantities in a 1 to 9 scale (1 for equal importance judgements to 9 for absolutely more important judgements). In a similar approach, P-E-S-T-L issues of Cyprus hydrocarbons pairwise sector compared and evaluated by using the above judgement choices. This produce a quantity for each indicator according to the issue it is related to

9	First issues are of absolutely higher importance
7	First issues are of very strongly or demonstrably higher importance
5	First issues are of strongly higher importance
3	First issues are of higher importance
1 (-1)	The compared issues are of equal importance
- 3	Latter issues are of higher importance
- 5	Latter issues are of strongly higher importance
- 7	Latter issues are of very strongly or demonstrably higher importance
- 9	Latter issues are of absolutely higher importance



METHODS IMPORTANCE PAIRWISE COMPARISON

The assesment is based on the judgements of four evaluators who pairwise compare the importance of the Political, Economic, Social, Technical, Environmental and Legal issues of the hydrocarbons sector in Cyprus

EVALUATORS



Political vs Economic
Political vs Social
Political vs Technical
Political vs Environmental
Political vs Legal
Technical vs Environmental
Technical vs Legal
Legal vs Environmental

Economic vs Social
Economic vs Technical
Economic vs Environmental
Economic vs Legal
Social vs Technical
Social vs Environmental
Social vs Legal

Environment Expert

Hydrocarbons Expert

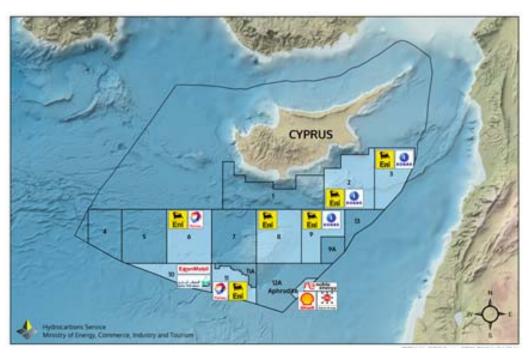
Economy Expert

Environmentalist

CYPRUS HYDROCARBONS SECTOR PESTEL ANALYSIS

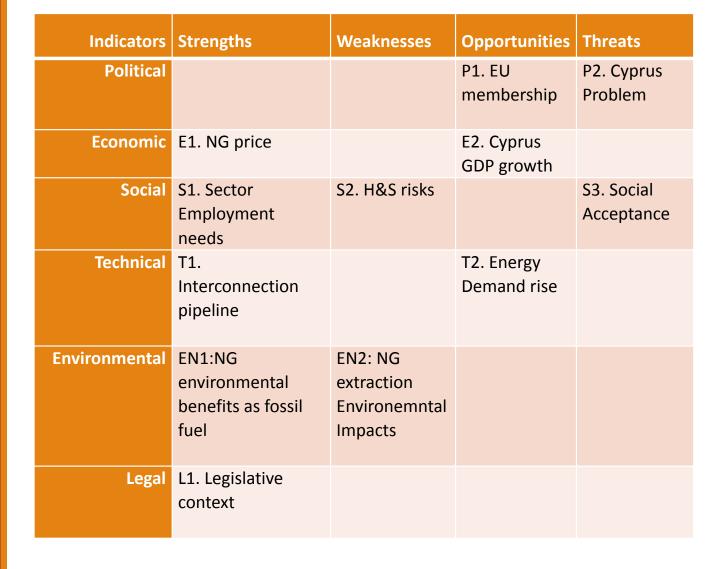
P=Cy is divided Ec= Cy is in euro zone, GDP increace +3.3% in 2017, NG pirce Tec= EEZ consist of 13 blocks, East Med Pipeline is EU project En= Marine pollution, Toxicity, H&S L= Laws in place





Hydrocarbons Exploration licenses and licensed companies map (Hydrocarbons Service, 2018)

FORMED SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS

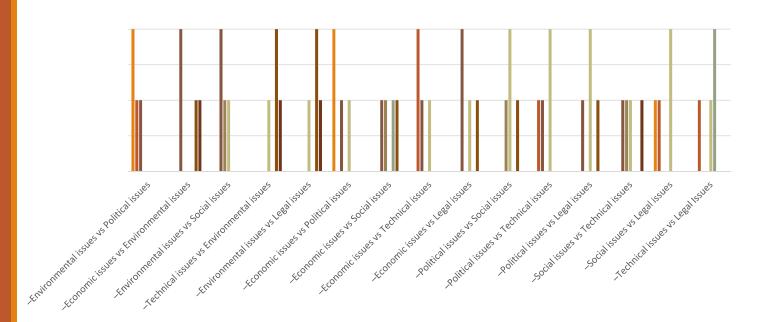




PAIRWISE COMPARISONS



Pairwise comparison results



- FIRST ARE OF ABSOLUTELY HIGHER IMPORTANCE
- FIRST ARE OF VERY STRONGLY OR DEMONSTRABLY HIGHER IMPORTANCE
- FIRST ARE OF STRONGLY HIGHER IMPORTANCE
- FIRST ARE OF HIGHER IMPORTANCE
- THESE ARE OF EQUAL IMPORTANCE
- LATTER ARE OF HIGHER IMPORTANCE
- LATTER ARE OF STRONGLY HIGHER IMPORTANCE
- LATTER ARE OF VERY STRONGLY OR DEMONSTRABLY HIGHER IMPORTANCE
- LATTER ARE OF ABSOLUTELY HIGHER IMPORTANCE

PAIRWISE COMPARISON RESULTS

According to the AHP weigh of each criteria obtaining method based proposed process
As comparison value is used the rounded average value for each comparison. (+) for the first and (–) for the latter issue compared

Indicators from the same category are considered as of equal importance

Average evaluation is rounded

Average 0 is rounded to 1



	OF ABSOLUTEL Y HIGHER	OF VERY STRONGLY	OF STRONGLY HIGHER IMPORTAN CE	FIRST ARE OF HIGHER IMPORTAN CE	OF EQUAL	E OF	E OF STRONGLY HIGHER	E OF VERY STRONGLY OR DEMONST	E OF ABSOLUTEL Y HIGHER	EVALUATIO
–Environmental issues vs Political issues	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
Economic issues vs Environmental issues	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	-1
–Environmental issues vs Social issues	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	3
Technical issues vs Environmental issues	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	-4
–Environmental issues vs Legal issues	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	-4
–Economic issues vs Political issues	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	6
–Economic issues vs Social issues	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1
–Economic issues vs Technical issues	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	5
–Economic issues vs Legal issues	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
–Political issues vs Social issues	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	-1
–Political issues vs Technical issues	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3
–Political issues vs Legal issues	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	1
–Social issues vs Technical issues	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
–Social issues vs Legal issues	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4
-Technical issues vs Legal Issues	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1



QUANTIFIED INDICATORS

After Consistency Ratio improvement

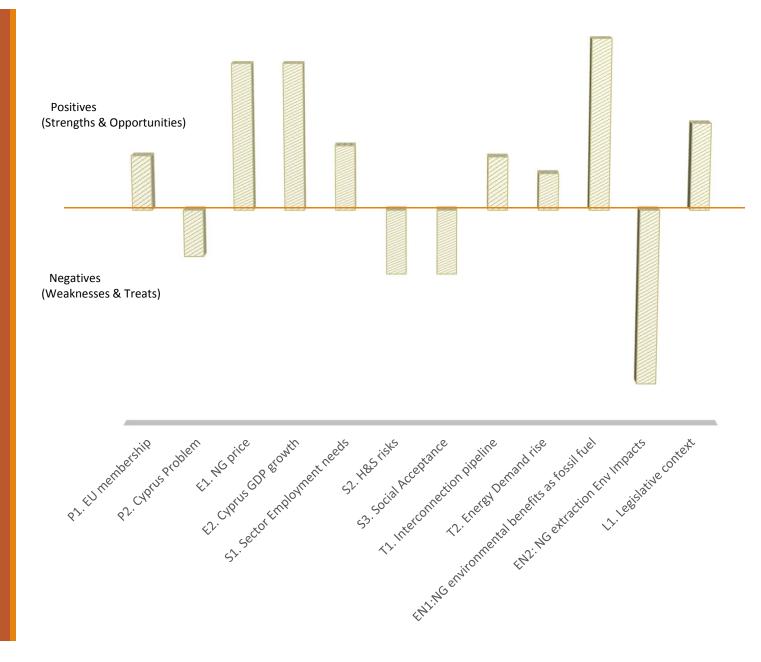
Processing with AHP
Online System – BPMSG
Software

https://bpmsg.com/academic/ahp.php

Cate	gory	Priority	Rank
1	P1. EU membership	4.9%	9
2	P2. Cyprus Problem	4.2%	11
3	E1. NG price	13.1%	3
4	E2. Cyprus GDP growth	13.1%	3
5	S1. Sector Employment needs	5.8%	6
6	S2. H&S risks	5.8%	6
7	S3. Social Acceptance	5.8%	6
8	T1. Interconnection pipeline	4.8%	10
9	T2. Energy Demand rise	3.3%	12
10	EN1:NG environmental benefits as fossil fuel	15.3%	2
11	EN2: NG extraction Env Impacts	16.0%	1
12	L1. Legislative context	7.8%	5

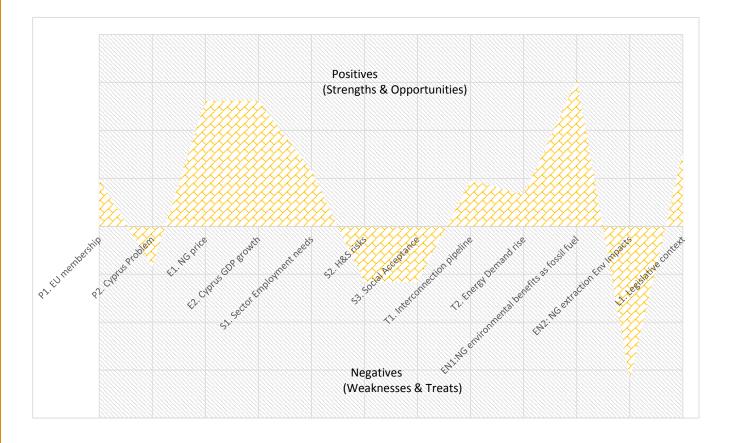
Number of comparisons = 66 Consistency Ratio CR = 9.4%

INDICATORS VALUE





POSITIVES vs NEGATIVES





CONCLUSIONS

- ✓ The method is able to extract results
- ✓ Hydrocarbons development positives are more than negatives
- Protection of the environment is highly evaluated
- ✓ Hydrocarbons economic aspect is considered to be of high importance
- ✓ Low importance of political issues for the sector
- ✓ Technical issues are considered to comparatively be not so important
- ✓ Social and legislative are evaluated as comparatively medium importance issues
- Comparison of each indicator to others could give more representative results



RECOMMENDATIONS

- ✓ Hydrocarbons development should proceed by ensuring the protection of the environment
- Environmental impacts should be eliminated as well as Health and Safety risks
- ✓ Natural Gas price as well as Cyprus economic growth should be considered
- Sector social acceptance needs to be established
- ✓ Must be taken advantage of sector employment needs and Cyprus EU membership
- ✓ Cyprus problem may not comparatively be of major importance but must be managed as a threat
- Technical aspects could be exploited more intensely



Thanks

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