

# Inactivation and Growth of Pathogens in Greywater in the context of Blue Diversion Autarky Toilet

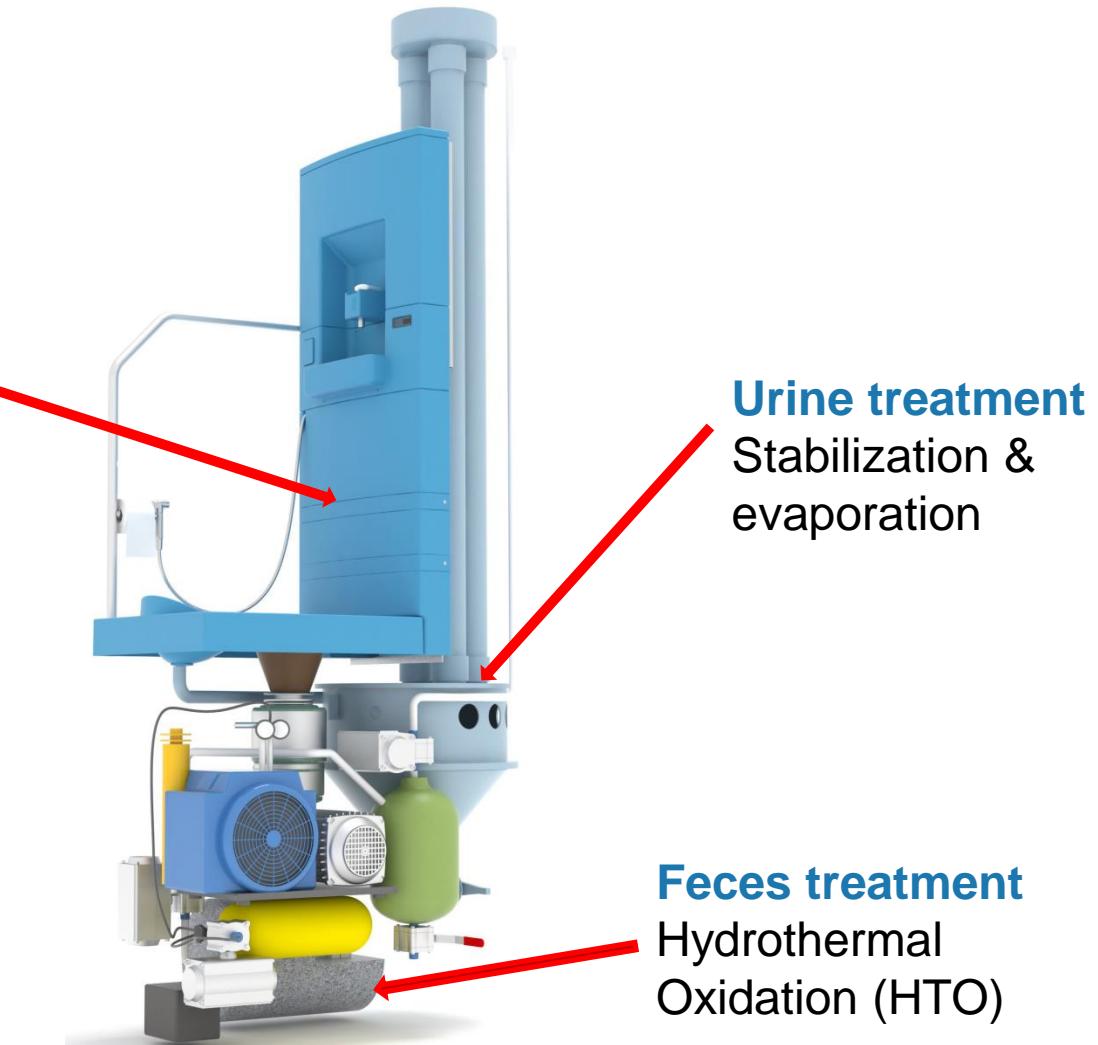
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# Blue Diversion Autarky Toilet (BDT)

Approx. 10 users

Safe running water 24/7

**Greywater treatment**  
from handwashing, anal  
cleansing & flushing



# Greywater treatment

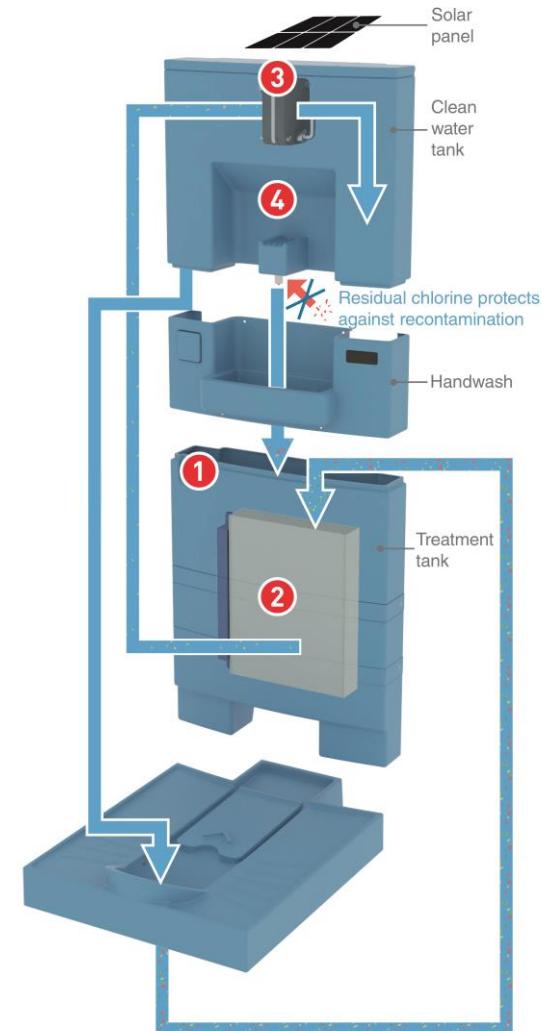


## 1+2. Bioreactor membrane (BAMBi)

## 3. Granular Activated Carbon (GAC)

## 4. Disinfection

- Chlorination
- Electrolysis
- UVC (254nm)



# Scope of the study

## Goals

1. Achieve safe water in the BDT.
2. Understand inactivation and growth of pathogens within the greywater treatment.

## Research questions

1. Can bacterial pathogens grow in treated greywater?
2. Does pathogen growth depend on water characteristics?
3. Can pathogen growth be controlled by adjusting water characteristics? (results not presented)

# Can bacteria grow in treated greywater?

# Bacteria of interest

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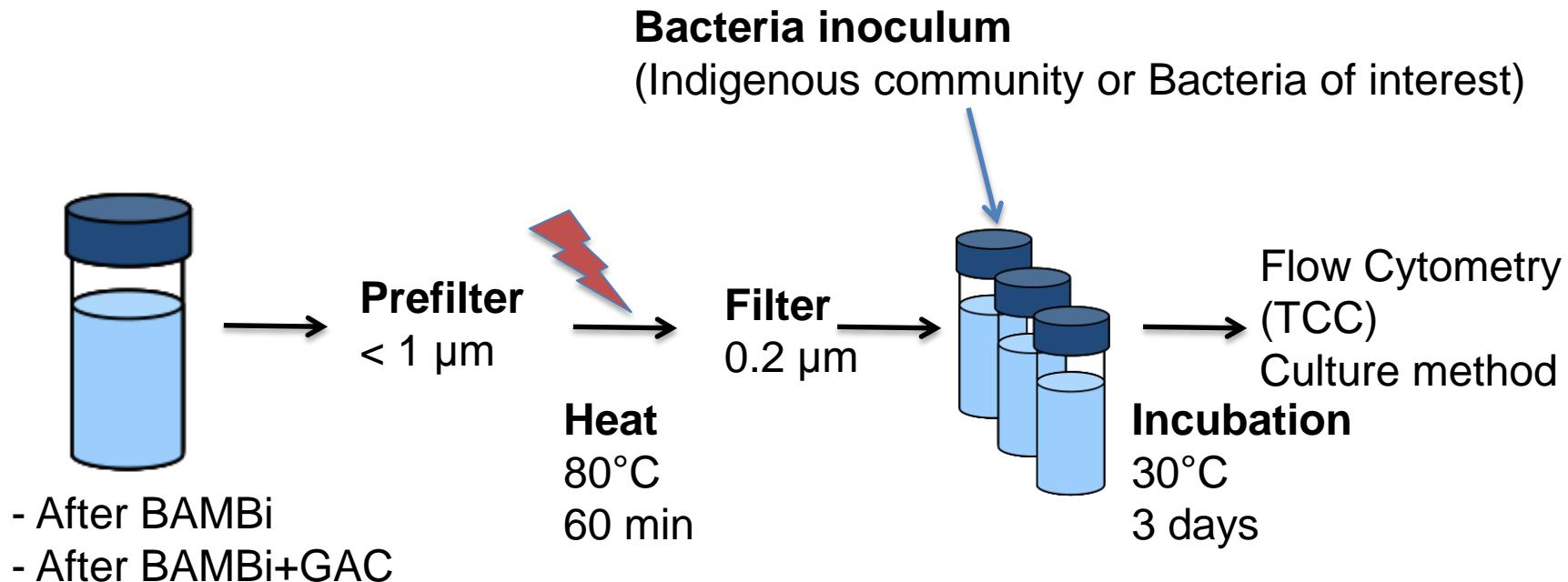
## 1. Indicators

- *E. coli* (Gram negative)
- *Enterococcus faecalis* (Gram positive)

## 2. Pathogens

- *Salmonella typhimurium* (from fecal contamination)
- *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (from skin exposure)

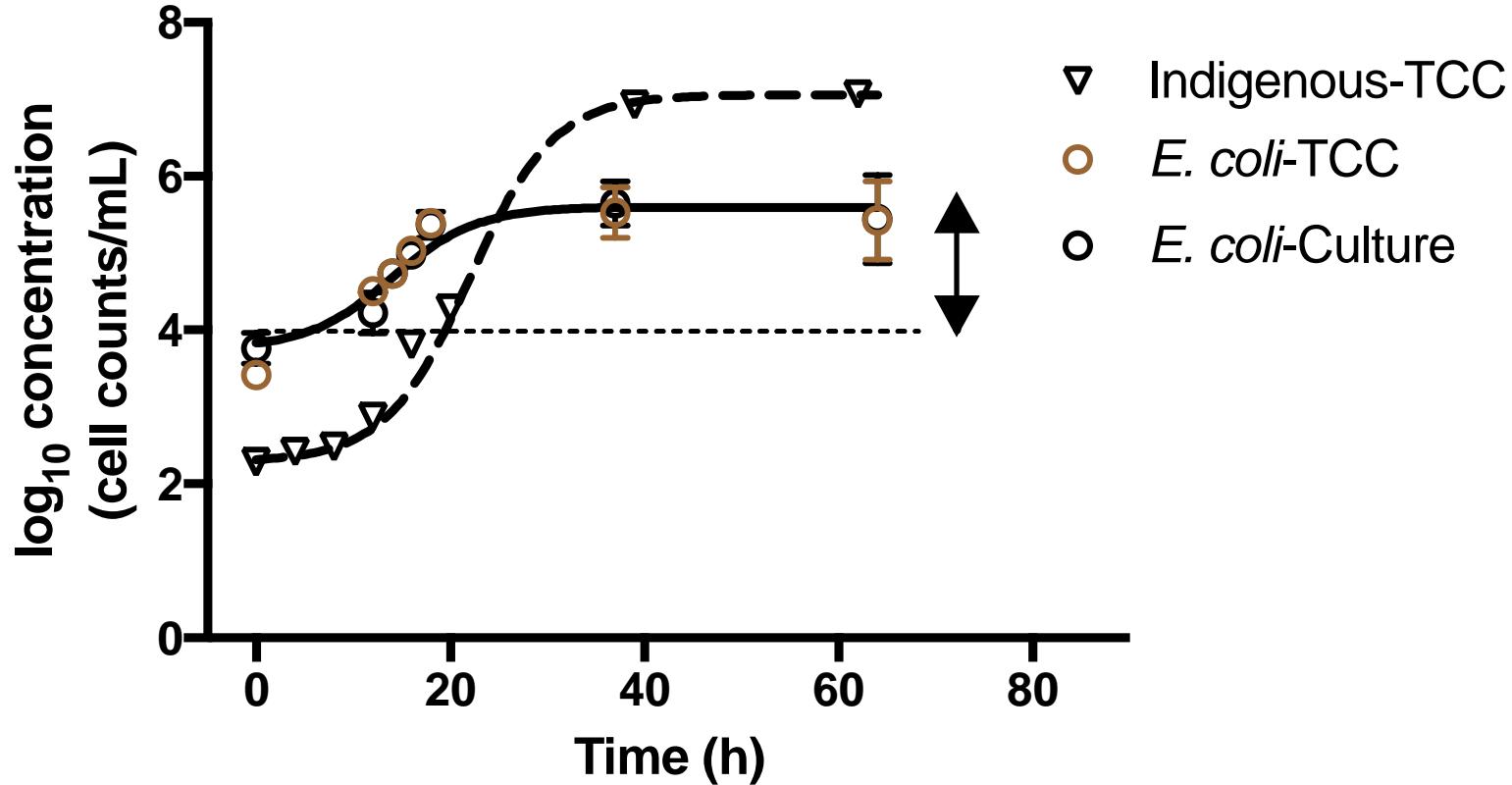
# Experimental setup



Adapted from Vital et al. (2010) AEM 76(19)

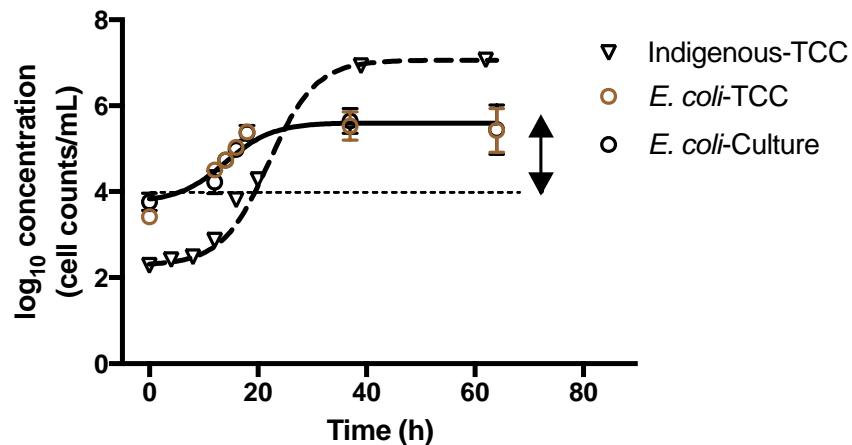
# Growth of bacteria in BDT waters

(a) *E. coli* - After BAMBi

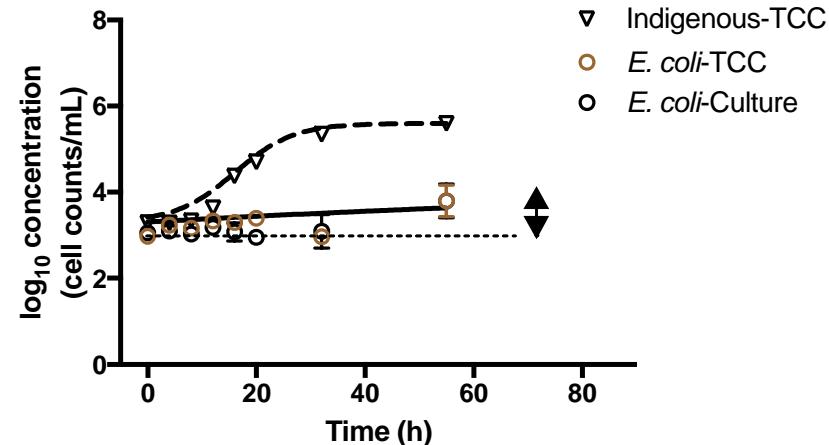


# Growth of bacteria in BDT waters

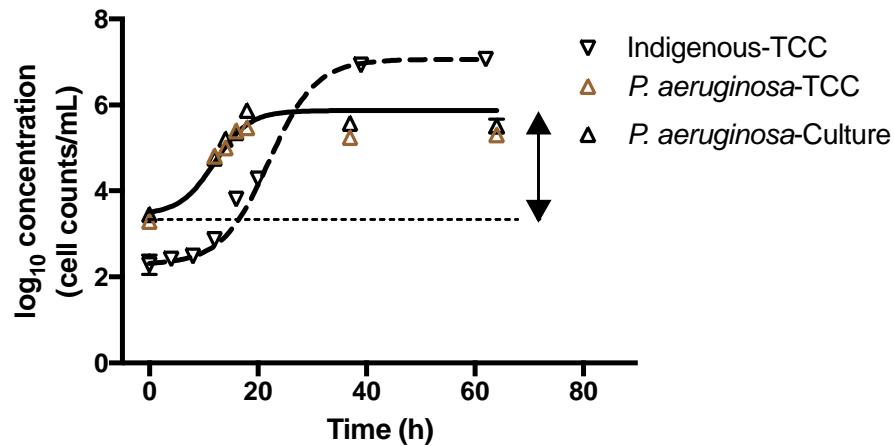
(a) *E. coli* - After BAMBi



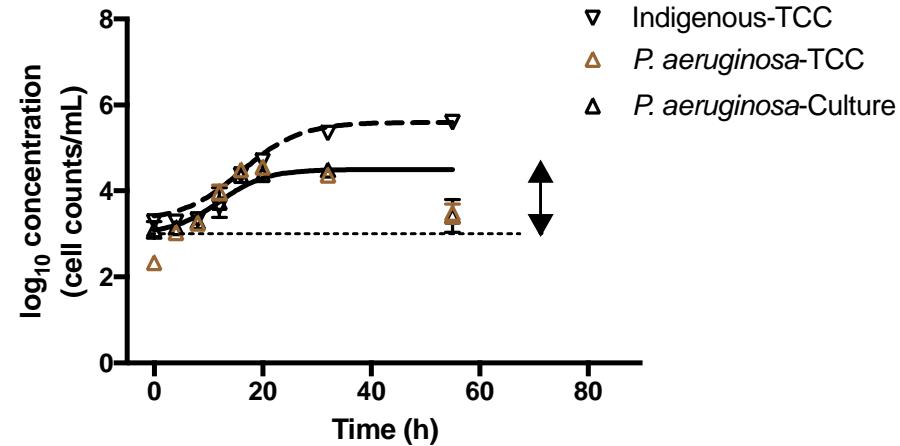
(b) *E. coli* - After BAMBi+GAC



(c) *P. aeruginosa* - After BAMBi



(d) *P. aeruginosa* - After BAMBi+GAC

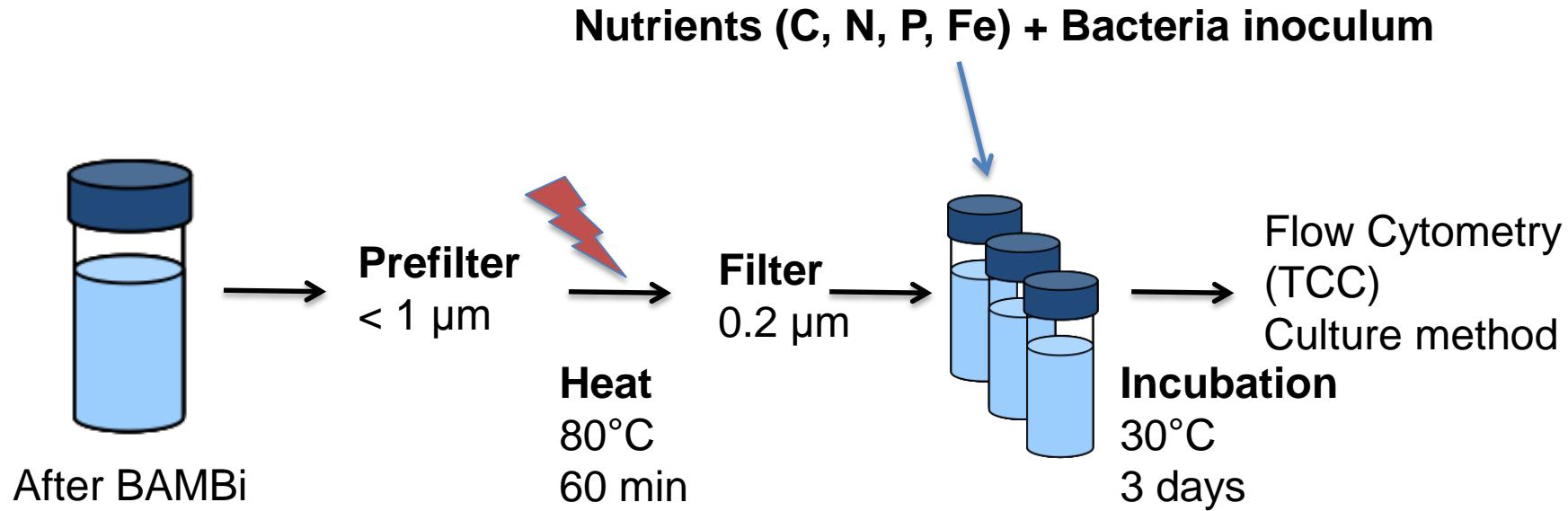


# Does pathogen growth depend on water characteristics?

# Characteristics of BDT waters

Parameters ( $\text{mg L}^{-1}$ )	After BAMBi	After BAMBi+GAC	% Difference
<b>AOC</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.04</b>	<b>96</b>
<b>DOC</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>94.1</b>
$\text{Na}^+$	55	26	52.7
$\text{K}^+$	42	20	52.4
$\text{PO}_4^{3-} - \text{P}$	8	6	25
$\text{NO}_3^- - \text{N}$	25	20	20
$\text{Mg}^{2+}$	25	21	16.0
$\text{Ca}^{2+}$	88	83	5.7
pH	8.3	8.1	2.4
$\text{Cl}^-$	139	137	1.4
$\text{SO}_4^{2-} - \text{S}$	67.2	67.5	0.4
$\text{NO}_2^- - \text{N}$	<0.5	<0.5	-
$\text{NH}_4^+ - \text{N}$	<0.2	<0.2	-
$\text{Fe}^{3+/2+}$	<0.2	<0.2	-

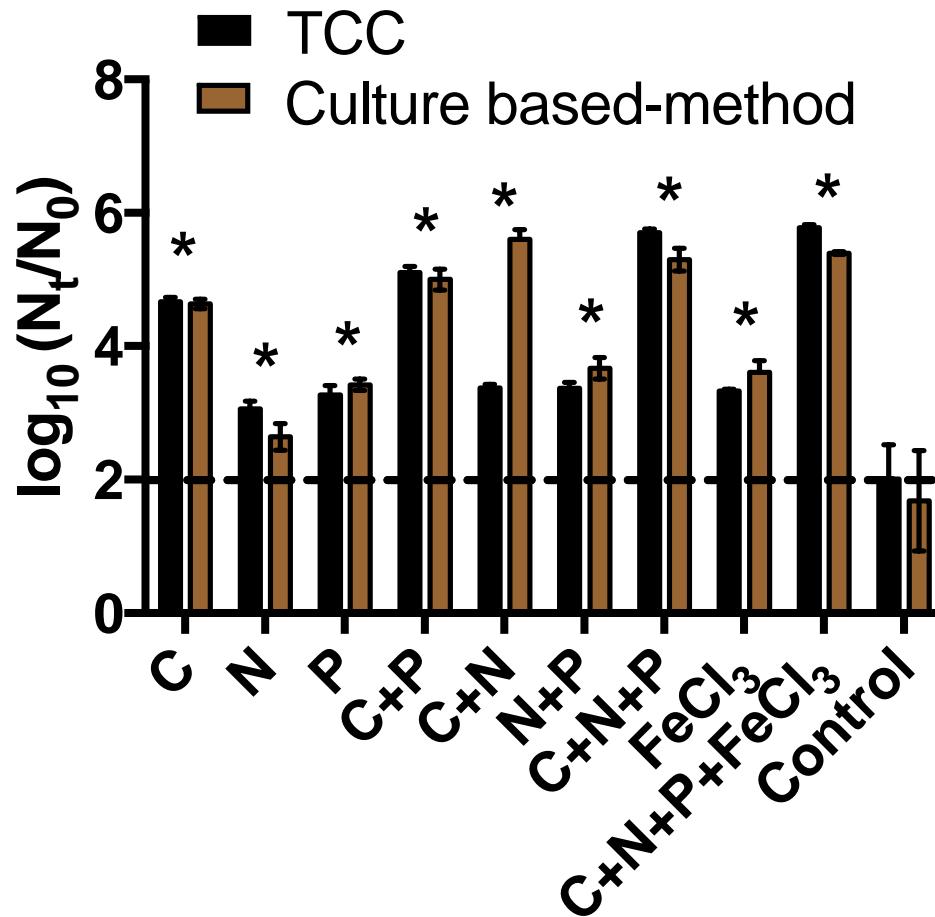
# Effect of nutrients on bacterial growth



Nutrient	Final conc. ( $\text{mg L}^{-1}$ )
C - Acetate	300
N - $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$	5
P - $\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4$	80
Fe - $\text{FeCl}_3$	5

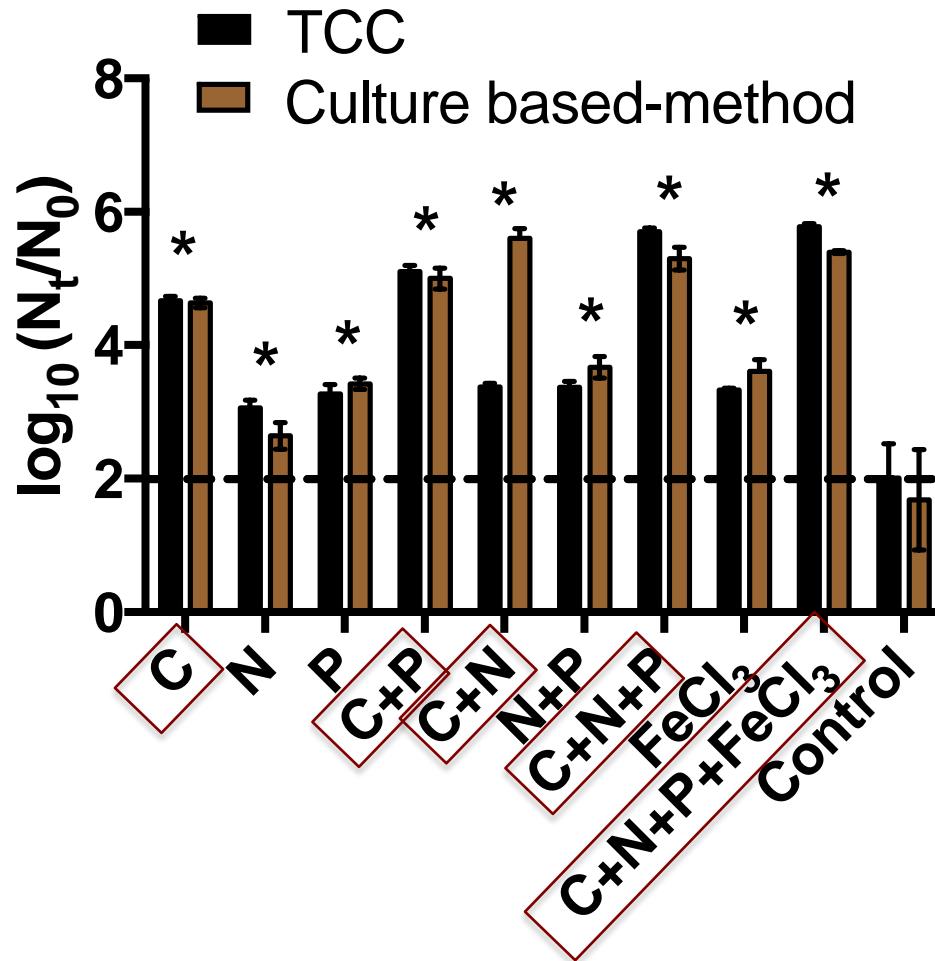
# Effect of nutrients on bacterial growth

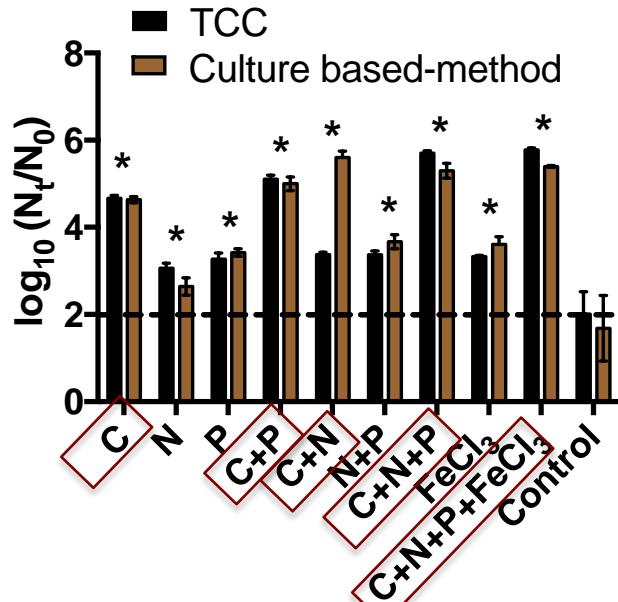
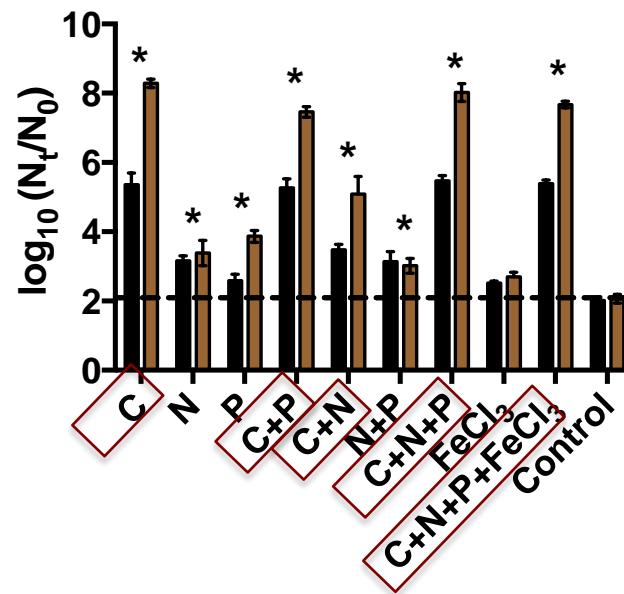
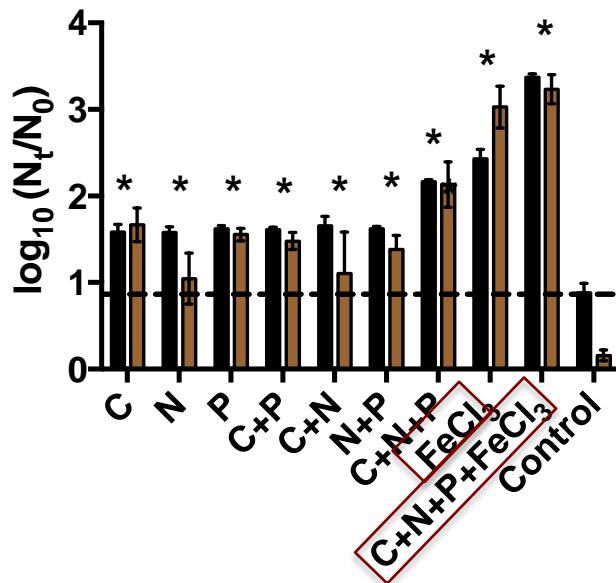
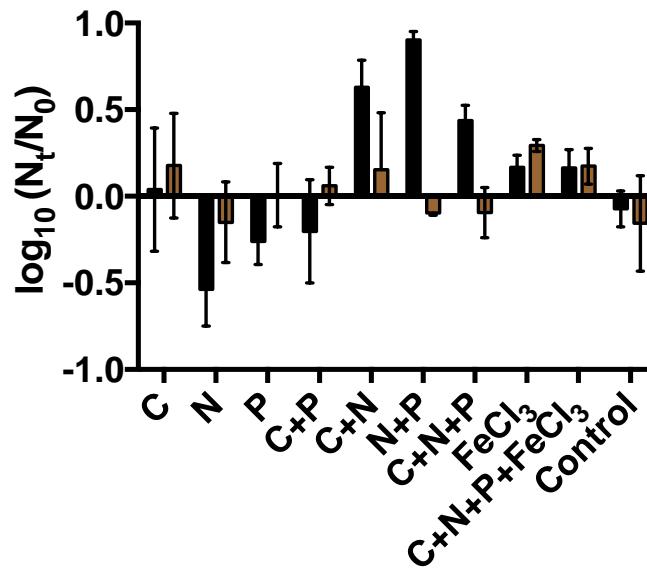
(a) *E. coli*



# Effect of nutrients on bacterial growth

(a) *E. coli*



**(a) *E. coli***

**(b) *P. aeruginosa***

**(c) *S. typhimurium***

**(d) *Ent. faecalis***


(\*) Significantly different than the control values.

# Take home message

- *E. coli*, and *P. aeruginosa* grew in treated greywater.
- Bacterial growth strongly depended on nutrients.

# Acknowledgement

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